]	THE STATE OF NEW YORK - COUNTY OF ULSTER
	TOWN OF ULSTER
	IN THE MATTER OF
MILI	LENS RECYCLING PROJECT
	EARANCES:
	N OF ULSTER TOWN BOARD:
	ES E. QUIGLEY, III, Supervisor
Cris Joel	Hendrick B. Brink C Kitchen
	Present:
Jasc	on Cosenza, Town Clerk
Depa	rge Heitzman, artment of Environmental Conservation sion of Environmental Remediation
Benjamin Conlon, Department of Environmental Conservation	
	eau Chief, Loe of General Counsel
	Transcript of Proceedings of a Public
	Hearing held in connection with the above matter, on March 22nd, 2012, at 7:00, p.m., at the Town of
	Ulster Town Hall, 1 Garraghan Drive, Lake Katrine, New York.
	BARBARA VAN BLARCUM
	Shorthand Reporter 103 Rose Mountain Road
	Big Indian, NY 12410 845-254-4937

INDEX TO S	PEAKERS
George Heitzman	3
Benjamin Conlon	3
Robert Barton	27
Augie Wiedemann	30
Abel Garraghan	37
Ed Hill, Jr.	41
Nelson Hoffman	44
Ed Bena	45
Thomas Turco	48
Lynn Woods	52
Robert Barton	58
Augie Wiedemann	60

Supervisor Quigley: At this point I would invite our visitors from Albany, Mr. Conlon and Mr. Heitzman. We can set you up with a microphone or two, and a hopefully a second chair.

Good evening, and if you could for the record, state your name and positions with the DEC.

MR. CONLON: My name is Benjamin Conlon.

I'm a bureau chief of the office of general counsel in the Albany office. I am in charge of the programs, State Super Fund and Spill Response programs for New York State DEC.

MR. HEITZMAN: I'm George Heitzman. I'm a section chief in Albany for a section that deals with remediation sites, primarily in the Hudson Valley.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: As you will learn, the Town of Ulster has received an application by the owners of the Millens business to relocate their facility to a parcel of property in an industrial section in the Town of Ulster, an adaptive reuse of an industrial building.

Considerable concern has been expressed by residents in the community about the environmental impacts this relocation may pose in the future given the past operating history of the Millens

organization. If you could explain to the town board a little bit about the history, the actions taken by the DEC, the responses by the Millens organization, and where you stand today in that process.

MR. HEITZMAN: Speaking technically, the contamination at the existing Millens site, the contamination at the Millens site is due to historic work operations dating back to the '50's and '60's, and primarily the improper handling of fluids drained from primarily automobiles, but also transformers and capacitors. So contaminants were spilled to the ground, largely petroleum, but also PCPs from the transformers, but also lead from batteries, and mercury from the switches that were in the vehicles themselves. Fundamentally it's because the existing facility is not properly designed or properly operated.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: The conduct of the business in the '50's and '60's, could you explain a little bit about the regulatory environment when these violations occurred?

MR. HEITZMAN: There was essentially no environmental requirements in the '50's and '60's.

MR. CONLON: While there may be subsequent

violations, when we talk about the '50's and '60's 1 2 time period and the State Super Fund program, or 3 the Federal Super Fund program, we tend not to talk 4 about violations occurring. We tend to talk about 5 historic violations caused by historic operations. A lot of those operations were in full compliance 6 7 at the time, but resulted in environmental impacts, 8 which we later have learned needed to remediated. 9 That's the entire purpose of the program is to deal with these sites, not to necessarily say somebody 10 11 violated the law, but to necessarily say these 12 sites have to be cleaned up. Most Super Fund sites 13 historically there wasn't anything done that was 14 wrong when the contamination was left there. A lot 15 of old land fills ended up being Super Fund sites. 16 Everybody thought everything was being done right. 17 We later learned they weren't doing it well and we 18 were impacting our waters in ways it wasn't 19 acceptable, and we had to go back out and clean 20 That is the entire idea behind what we call 21 the inactive site program.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Given the changing regulatory environment and the implementation of regulations, has the Millens organization been subjected to, to your knowledge, any violations in

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the current regulatory environment from their day-to-day operations?

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MR. CONLON: There have been violations at the facility from their day-to-day operations, which have caused releases. There have been no documented violations at their facility from their day-to-day operations for the last two years, I believe, in relation to it. There has been a relatively good operation going on in the last several years, and has been a change in attitude in relation to their operation during that time. Prior to that there were violations. Any release of petroleum to the ground is a violation once the navigation law was put into place in the '70's. When you are crushing a car and doing it on the dirt, it's not surprising that you are having contamination go into the ground. Unfortunately it's the way the design of the system is made. you design a system where everything is inside and there is proper drainage, and everything goes into a drainage system, then your risk of having those type of problems is materially eliminated, namely again because you are operating inside and maintaining those systems.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: As you've seen

through your experiences these operations evolve, 1 2. have you seen any facilities designed to today's 3 standards encounter or create the conditions that would lead to the issues we are now dealing with at Millens in the City of Kingston? 5 MR. HEITZMAN: I can't really speak to 6 7 that. My expertise is in remediating contaminated sites, not in regulating ongoing operations. 8 9 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Fine, but there are no sites that have come to mediation that have been 10 constructed to modern standards? 11 12 MR. HEITZMAN: That is correct, yes. SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Anyone on the board 13 14 have a specific question? 15 MR. BRINK: Yes, I have a question. 16 You mentioned earlier in the last two 17 years you have found Millens not to be in any 18 violation of the rules. Now what did you use to 19 determine that, since they were in such violation 20 prior to that time, how did you segregate what was 21 done prior and what was done in the last two years 22 to make you believe they are in compliance with all 23 your regulations? 24 MR. CONLON: First I was talking about

their operation of their facility. I don't think I

boiler plate said there were no violations at the facility. The fact there is petroleum contamination in the ground that has been released relatively recently in the last ten, 15 years, and still exists there is an ongoing violation. These don't stop until it's cleaned up. What we have done is looked at their operational history in relation to their requirements of submitting forms to us and documentation, their relation to their reporting and other things to us as to car crushing activities, collection of waste oil, looked at the amount of waste oil they have collected based on numbers of cars and is it consistent in relation to what is expected to be collected in relation to those cars. We don't see evidence of further contamination expanding at the site at this point in time.

MR. HEITZMAN: That having been said, there have been violations of the clean up order within the past two years, and primarily results from his attempt to both clean up the site and operate his facility at the same time.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: John.

MR. MORROW: In your expert opinion, would this new site be environmentally friendly and safe

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to the greater Ulster County community than the present site?

MR. CONLON: I think without question a properly designed site is much safer for the environment as a whole. Of course it has to be operated as a properly designed site. We don't have operations existing outside. But if you are operating a site, and we try to get people to move inside and to do these operations inside across the state. This is our preferred alternative for these types of sites, that they be contained.

MR. MORROW: So far as the clean up of the old site, is that going to be a major ordeal? Is that a Super Fund type clean up?

MR. HEITZMAN: It is a Super Fund clean up, yes. One of the problems is we don't know how contaminated it is. We have some historic data.

Mr. Millens has tried to remediate the site without department approval, and without department verification. These are the violations I talked about earlier. So we don't know what is left.

That's why the state will be pursuing an investigation one way or the other, whether he moves or not at the existing facility.

MR. MORROW: So the existing facility you

have obvious problems of being right there on the 1 2 waterway, which creates its own problems, and his 3 new sight, we are going to put everything inside 4 and contain it, and the discharge of any fluids and 5 so forth are going to be very well contained and put in containment, separated, and so forth, and 6 7 trucked off to appropriate places? MR. CONLON: That's correct. Again 8 9 assuming it is operated in accordance. You can 10

design whatever you want, but you have also have to operate it in accordance with its design.

MR. MORROW: Who would do that? Would that be partially DEC, partially town? How would that be accomplished to make sure they are in compliance?

MR. HEITZMAN: The primary is actually with the Department of Motor Vehicles. department assists in inspections for environmental concerns with the Department of Motor Vehicles. The reporting is also done to the DEC in terms of the amount of fluids collected and the number of cars crushed per year, and so on and so forth.

> MR. MORROW: Thank you.

MR. KITCHEN: So it appears to me what you are saying is the DEC will not have a whole lot of

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oversight or schedule inspections per se. It's up to Millens to send in proper paper work to you folks for your review, and only at that time say you don't get your paper work, you would come down to inspect. Would there be any quarterly inspection or yearly inspection? MR. HEITZMAN: I'm sorry if I misspoke. The department will assist the Department of Motor Vehicles in inspecting the vehicle dismantling facility that Millens operates. MR. KITCHEN: Is that an annual one? MR. HEITZMAN: It's not run out of my section, so I don't know the frequency. It's at least annual. MR. KITCHEN: As far as the old site goes 

MR. KITCHEN: As far as the old site goes down there, you said you don't know exactly to what extent contamination has spread, or how deep in the ground. I'm sure you have taken samples and different things. What is the plan for the clean up down at that site, and has any of the contamination possibly leached into the Hudson River and contaminated the wildlife, fish, the birds, turtles, et cetera?

MR. HEITZMAN: There are a couple elements to your question. We had a very good snapshot of

the contamination in 2004. We knew how deep and how extensive it was at that time. The issue is when he did the unauthorized work and threw dirt around, we don't know how that changed. The first step the department has to do is go back and reinvestigate the site and see if the depth has changed and the extent has changed.

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MR. KITCHEN: You said he was moving around dirt. Was he trucking dirt out of there, and do you know where he took it? Because there is a special site in Pennsylvania where that dirt is supposed to go to and get burned in an incinerator. In my own personal business I have dealt with those situations before. Was that contaminated dirt moved to a proper facility or just moved somewhere else we don't know about.

MR. HEITZMAN: I don't know off the top of my head where that went. There was some documentation submitted for the unauthorized excavation that he did, but I don't know if the disposal facility was identified in that documentation. I would have to research it and get back to you.

MR. KITCHEN: Did he know he was in the wrong by going ahead and taking this into his own

hands? Did he know that was a no-no?

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MR. CONLON: I'm not sure I can say what Mr. Millens knew or didn't know. We have clearly identified to them that there were violations in relation to it and they will be addressed. Our biggest issue at this point in time is that previously it was attempted to address the site, pardon the phrase, piece meal, one part at a time. That creates all kinds of difficulty in relation to a scenario. We are at a point right now we are not willing to do that. We want the site cleared off so we can do one investigation, make a determination of what else needs to be done and do a remediation. The area has a very long history of industrial operations in relation to it, and we want to make sure -- not only industrial operations, but has a very long history of a lot of people proposing a lot of different ideas for use of that area. We want to make sure we know what it is and it is properly addressed so the future use of that area can be adequately and safely done for people. And the only way we can do it comfortably and make sure so we know what we are getting into and addressing is to be able to do it holistically. That's our concern right now.

MR. KITCHEN: My question is: How long have you been dealing with this situation back and forth, don't move the dirt. You got a plan in the works here for awhile. Were you eventually going to shut them down and tell them to get all the

stuff out of there and go ahead and clean it up?

MR. CONLON: Whether or not there is AN approval given for this operation, there will be a point in the near future, very near future where the department will direct Mr. Millens that his materials on site and the piles of materials have to be moved out of our way to allow us to complete a complete investigation. We are running short of patience without question in relation to that term. There was substantial work done by Mr. Millens at the site, and there was contaminated material taken off site, and we do have reports in relation to that work. We're not happy because the work was done without our approval and without our notice, and that will be addressed.

MR. HEITZMAN: Actually I'd like to answer the second half of your question about contaminants leaving off site. We do have contaminants in ground water that has left the site. They are primarily petroleum contaminants that don't

bioaccumulate in the iota of the Hudson River, which I know was your concern. We do not have evidence of PCPs leaving the site.

MR. KITCHEN: By the way of your patience is running thin, have there been fines imposed?

MR. CONLON: There have been fines imposed on Mr. Millens for violations, yes.

MR. KITCHEN: You gentlemen obviously have been doing this for a long time and are very familiar with how the clean up process goes. How do you see the clean up process going? Do you see you guys digging down 30 feet removing soil and bringing fill in and encapsulating this former scrap yard?

MR. HEITZMAN: first of all, it doesn't go down 30 feet. The maximum we see is like six to eight feet, and only in very isolated areas. It could involve removing additional soil and particularly drawing the water table down. One of our concerns is that when he did his soil dig he left the ground water in place, and our concern is the clean back fill he brought in was recontaminated at the same time. So that's something we need to reinvestigate. Potentially The remedy is a mix of soil excavation and some

kind of soil cover.

MR. KITCHEN: I have one last question, not to take anybody else's time so you have the opportunity to ask questions you want to ask.

As you have traveled around the state you have seen these enclosed facilities before, these new facilities I guess in the last 10, 20 years, the new indoor facilities, state of the art facilities?

MR. CONLON: Yes.

MR. KITCHEN: Have you by any chance had any problems with these enclosed facilities, there being any contaminants in these enclosed facilities we are talking about constructing here?

MR. CONLON: Generally the answer would be no. If somebody again is operating in the facility and operating properly. Some of the facilities are covered and not enclosed, and that can cause other issues in relation to it. Most of the issues become are they operating in compliance with their criteria. It's great if you are collecting your waste oil. It's better if you are collecting your waste oil and you properly dispose of it. If you are collecting your waste oil and you properly dispose of it. There

is a cost to operate properly. We are trying to get to that point where the cost is cheaper than not operating properly.

MR. KITCHEN: Thank you for your time.

MR. BRINK: For the stenographer, my name
is Joel Brink. I didn't give it to you before.

The question I have now is you talked about the contamination in the soil. One of the things the people are concerned about is noise contamination. By that I mean how much noise is going to be from this operation. They are going to operate from 7:00 in the morning to 5:00 in the afternoon, and not on Saturday and Sunday, but there is other facilities over there that do create some noise, and the people in the housing areas close by do hear it. Is this going to be a problem with this operation the way they designed it, and the way it's supposed to operate, and if there is noise contamination, do you people get in on that end of the business?

MR. HEITZMAN: I'm not an expert in noise. When we do clean ups we rely on town ordinances to regulate noise.

MR. CONLON: Again, that is generally a town issue, unless we are getting into an issue

that is really getting very excessive in relation to noise levels. A crusher inside a building is generally muffled. I've been outside buildings where crushers have operated within. Part of it is are you insulating the building or not insulating the building. If that's your concern, make sure you set your decibel limits for your town requirements.

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MS. HENDRICK: Thank you for coming and answering our questions. You began speaking about, you talked about how they have been good for two years. Basically since this process of trying to find a new location, there has been a good turn around at the older site, the current site they have now in Kingston. Time-wise it's kind of similar in timing.

MR. CONLON: Time-wise it may well be. We are hopeful that at some point in time, as I said, it gets cheaper to operate in compliance than it is to operate out of compliance.

MS. HENDRICK: You also said it wasn't properly operated in the current years, not meaning the last two years, but in the current years, not what just happened in the '50's and '60's, but things in our current years that it wasn't operated

properly and that they had violations for not doing proper remediation and not calling when they needed to currently. I wanted to make sure I understood that correctly.

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They have those collection units, special units that they need to process the fluids and things like that. Is that something you are going to be checking? Is that part of the annual inspection? Is that your responsibility to check them? I don't know if our town building inspector would have the training to check those things.

MR. HEITZMAN: IT IS the department's responsibility out of our New Paltz office in coordination with the Department of Motor Vehicles, to inspect that operation, yes.

MS. HENDRICK: How many times does the Department of Motor Vehicles do it, one a year, twice a year? How does that work?

MR. HEITZMAN: Once again, I'm afraid I don't know the frequency other than it is at least annually.

MS. HENDRICK: We had gotten information from Praetorius and Conrad from work that they did, and they had made a recommendation that it become a storm water pollution prevention plan, that that

would be done. Is that something that works with 1 2 you, that is happening with this project? Has that 3 happened? 4 MR. CONLON: Are you talking about the new 5 facility? MS. HENRICK: For the new facility. 6 7 is so much water that goes in that particular area, 8 especially. Is that something that would happen 9 through you guys. MR. HEITZMAN: It would not be through my 10 unit. It would be through the New Paltz Water 11 Program, Division of Water in New Paltz. 12 MS. HENDRICK: Do you know if that's in 13 14 the works? 15 MR. CONLON: Any construction activity over a certain number of acres has to be under a 16 17 general permit or otherwise for the construction 18 activities, and then if they are collecting and 19 dealing with storm water, they are going to have to address it. 20 21 MS. HENDRICK: So that's something that 22 has to happen before it becomes built, before this 23 happens, having been set up that plan, or is that 24 something once they see it's a problem they do it 25 after.

MR. HEITZMAN: It's a plan developed prior 1 2 to construction. 3 MS. HENDRICK: Is there training that's 4 offered through the DEC for our building inspector, 5 because like you said, we you don't know if the DMV comes more than once a year, so that they can be 6 7 aware of some of the things they need to be watchful of on a regular basis? 8 9 MR. HEITZMAN: I'm not aware of any. We do have AN inspection form that our inspectors use 10 11 that I think would be useful to a town inspector. MS. HENDRICK: No regular training? 12 MR. CONLON; not that we're aware of. 13 14 MS. HENDRICK: My one last question, you 15 were talking about an enclosed area as opposed to 16 an open area. This is an enclosed area, but the doors will be open. So if they are overrun with 17 18 cars and there is something that comes out the 19 doors, that's not something that is part of what 20 the plan is? The plan is to keep it all inside the 21 doors, correct? 22 MS. CONLON: Generally what you are 23

dealing with, you have loading areas and everything is tilted in, and basically all of your operations are contained within a system. Vehicles come in

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and are off loaded into the system. If it's properly designed you are not putting the vehicles leaking oil or other things on the grass, and then pulling them into the system. So when I talk about properly designed, I'm talking about a facility that is designed to operate based on the capacity they are going to be operating under. You are talking about a facility in this area that can pull in a very substantial number of cars a week, and because of that you want to make sure you've got capacity. It doesn't take very long to process a car through these facilities. They move very quickly.

MS. HENDRICK: Thank you.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: You talked about the fact that the Millens family has been on the site a very long time, and made reference to other industrial uses along the Rondout. Are you knowledgeable of any other areas that have been environmental challenges such as the Millens site along the Rondout?

MR. HEITZMAN: There's the former manufactured gas plant site. That is, I think he's immediately adjacent to Millens.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: He's right between

Millens and the creek, right? 1 2 MR. HEITZMAN: Yes. And there is a known 3 discharge to the creek from that site, yes. SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Are you involved in 5 the clean up of the manufactured gas facility in Newburgh. 6 7 MR. HEITZMAN: No. SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: It's not your region? 8 9 MR. HEITZMAN: Me personally, no, and it's not my staff either. That's another section. 10 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: But those are quite 11 complicated, aren't they? 12 MR. HEITZMAN: Yes. 13 14 SUPERVISOR OUIGLEY: And that has not been 15 done on this site, the Central Hudson site next to 16 Millens. 17 MR. HEITZMAN: No. We are just completing 18 the investigation of that site. We now there are 19 immediate impacts to the Rondout Creek. We are 20 trying to determine the extent to which they have 21 gone downstream. Remedial plans for that site will 22 be developed I would say in the next year. 23 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Could there be any 24 impacts on the Millens site from that site from 25 tidal flows?

1 MR. HEITZMAN: No. 2 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Are there any other 3 locations operating under consent decrees along the 4 Rondout. 5 MR. HEITZMAN: We have the KOSCO site. Are they under consent decrees? 6 7 MR. CONLON: I'm not sure if they are or aren't. The old MOFs there, the old KOSCO MOFs 8 9 site, I'm not sure if they are presently under an order or not. That's been recently transferred to 10 I believe now Lukoil. That site has some issues. 11 There is a historic MOFs down there, I believe. 12 MR. HEITZMAN: Some of those sites are 13 14 owned by Mr. Iannucci, who is not under an order 15 with us, but he's under a voluntary agreement with 16 us in the program, and there are minor contamination issues on some of those sites but not 17 18 as severe as Millens or Central Hudson. 19 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: And the Kingston 20 Recycling site on Wilbur Avenue, are they under a 21 consent decree? Abeel Street, excuse me. MR. HEITZMAN: I don't know. 22 23 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: But it's fair to say 24 given the industrial nature that has historically

gone on along the Rondout, we have numerous

environmental issues that we have come to discover 1 2 as we became more knowledgeable now present 3 challenges in the future to us. MR. CONLON: Not any different than lots of other places across the state, yes. 5 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Any other questions 6 7 from the board? MR. KITCHEN: There was all industry along 8 9 the Rondout for years and years and years. DEC came in the what, the '70's, with all these rules 10 11 and regulations. Like that whole stretch, that was all industry a hundred years. 12 13 MR. CONLON: As we investigate more we 14 learn more things and go forward. 15 MS. HENDRICK: I have a question. Do you 16 believe that the discharge, the potential for the 17 discharges of the storm water for the new facility 18 will affect the water quality in that area? 19 Looking at where the facility is going to be, 20 knowing how the run off is, what is your opinion on 21 that? 22 MR. KITCHEN: I was under the impression 23 you were speaking about the old facility and you 24 don't have much knowledge of the new facility. the 25 purpose of coming here tonight was to talk about

the current situation down on the Rondout.

MR. HEITZMAN: Correct. I haven't reviewed those plans, and I can't form an opinion.

MR. CONLON: We haven't reviewed the plans, but any discharge of water from a industrial facility has to be addressed in relation to a SPDES discharge if it's from industrial operations.

Because of that it will be controlled as a permitted discharge, and have controls put in place by the department in a SPDES permit if it's industrial water. If it is just storm water around the facility, it's a Storm Water Management Plan generally, and not an industrial SPDES permit, because the industrial operations aren't supposed to touch it.

MS. HENDRICK: Thank you.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Thank you, gentlemen.

I invite you to stay for our public hearing. If

time permits upon completion of the public

questions, I hope you will stay and if some of the

members of the public have questions, you will be

able to answer them.

At this point in time it's past 7:30. I would like a motion to call the public hearing for the continuation of the special use permit under

the Town of Ulster Zoning Code for the Millens Recycling project.

 $\label{eq:MS.HENDRICK: I make a motion. All those in favor. } \\$ 

(MOTION PASSED BY BOARD MEMBERS.)

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: At this point I would call members of the public to give you an opportunity to come to the podium. Please state your name and address for the record, and please attempt to keep your comments to five minutes or less.

 $\label{eq:supervisor} \mbox{SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Mr. Barton, as usual} \\ \mbox{you are first tonight.}$ 

MR. BARTON: Robert Barton, 270 Risely
Street, Town of Ulster. I have great concerns over
the Millens Recycling of cars and other debris at
the site. The town already has had one recycling
plant in Eddyville, that I don't know whether the
problem has been resolved and corrected completely
or not to this date. I know that the town has also
had and been fined when they took a used car lot up
in Ruby and sent the cars down to Newburgh to a
place that did recycling of cars. The town ended
up paying a fine for that. Do we want anyplace to
come back into the town to create these further

problems and cause more problems for the towns' taxpayer? I also have some great concerns about the pollution of the ground water and having a cement floor in a place and having windows open during any times of operations, because that sound goes out along with any odors, and most likely odors would be toxic type odors that would pollute the air, plus the sound variations would pollute the air, which we already had with the Kingston Block when they opened their windows. We already know there is a problem in the area, and now we want to increase the problems by adding someone else who will do the same problems. I don't think so.

I have some questions for the DEC, because they said the Millens property in the City of Kingston in the last two years, they seem to be, if I recall completely, in compliance. I wondering if they actually, and when is the last time they did an inspection and what the inspection entailed.

I'm not for this thing, because I don't want to have the taxpayers pay for doing anything being able to verify and check, because we have a building inspector who doesn't have a degree, an educational degree to do that. We have to hire

someone special to do that, and it should be done more than on an annual basis.

I have another question for the DEC, whether they have to license and get any type of DEC license before Millens can go into any site in the Town of Ulster.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Mr. Barton, could you restate your last question, because I'm not clear what you were asking.

MR. BARTON: For the DEC, because they aren't going to be inspecting all the time, whether the inspections would have to be done by the town. If it's done by the town personnel, the town would have to hire, whether a full time personnel or a company to contract with and verify the conditions at the Millens property if they were to locate to anyplace within the town.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: I have that one. But are you suggesting the DEC review the Millens plans prior to the town making a decision? Are you suggesting that?

MR. BARTON: That would be a good thing for them to do, because -- I didn't say that.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: I got you. Thank you.

MS. HENDRICK: You said something about a 1 2 license. 3 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: I have that part. I 4 thought he was going further, because that is not 5 the DEC's role. That's the town planning board, consultants to the town, and the town board. 6 MR. BARTON: Because of the DEC's 7 8 experience in this, because they can find, and when 9 they do find the pollutants, they would have a better working knowledge of this type of site they 10 have looked at before, and other types of 11 12 pollutions, so to me ideally they would be a good 13 group to do, and it seems, why not look at things 14 before they go wrong and address them ahead of 15 time. If you wait until after something happens, 16 that costs more money, and the environment is 17 downgraded. If you look at problems ahead of time 18 to stop any pollution, that's a good thing. Thank 19 you. SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Thank you, 20 21 Mr. Barton. 22 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Mr. Wiedemann, how 23 are you tonight. 24 MR. WIEDEMANN: Augie Wiedemann, 921 25 Flatbush Road, Kingston, New York. I just want to

read a couple excerpts from correspondence over the years from various officials to various officials, which sort of describes the impact of Millens, and give you a hint as far as his trustworthiness goes. Also I would like to say to Mr. Brouck (phonetic) and Mr. Kirscher, this is not the time level of the wild, wild west of the '50's, '40's and '60's.

MR. KITCHEN: I didn't understand that comment.

MR. WIEDEMANN: Okay, you had to be here before.

These are just excerpts. Dear Mr. Millens from David Traver, who is a member of the DEC. And again, these are excerpts. If you want the dates, February 25th, 2005. This department is also requiring a work proposal to be submitted to this department by March 8, 2005, to further investigate and remediate the source of petroleum vapors which caused an impact to the Children's Home of Kingston, and continues to cause vapor impacts to the City of Kingston sewer system. This work proposal must include removal of petroleum impacted soils identified from samples collected on the Millens site, blah, blah, blah.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Mr. Wiedemann, while

1	you read that statement into the record, do you
2	know what the conclusion of any of the studies were
3	in relation to the issue you just raised?
4	MR. WIEDEMANN: Yes. It was determined
5	they originated from the Millens site.
6	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: And that was proven
7	by the DEC?
8	MR. WIEDEMANN: Yes. I have the letter.
9	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Can we see the
10	letter?
11	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Sure, you can have
12	it.
13	MR. WIEDEMANN: Another one is from
14	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Excuse me, before we
15	move on. The first sentence in this document says
16	as a result of an investigation by the DEC, you are
17	considered a potential responsible party for a
18	petroleum spill. It doesn't say in this letter
19	anywhere that you are the responsible party for
20	discharging the fuel.
21	MR. WIEDEMANN: Okay, how many other
22	places around The Children's Home does that stuff?
23	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: You have more for us?
24	MR. WIEDEMANN: I'll skip the next one to
25	make it short so you all will be happy.

The next one is again from Mr. Traver, and 1 2 this is the alleged incident you are talking about. 3 Under section 181 Article 12 of the Navigation Law, 4 a person discharging petroleum is strictly liable 5 for all clean up and removal costs, all direct and indirect damages, no matter by whom sustained. 6 7 Failure to comply with the department has caused the DEC to hire a contractor to complete the work. 8 9 The DEC will take legal action to seek reimbursement of funds expended as well as interest 10 11 and penalties under Article 12 of the Navigation Law and Article 1771 of the New York State 12 Conservation Law. That is Mr. Traver to Mr. Barney 13 14 Millens, May 10th, 2005. SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: And was there a court 15 16 proceeding that followed that? 17 MR. WIEDEMANN: I assumed there was. You 18 can have all these letters and investigate it 19 yourself. These are all from the DEC. SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Please, I would like 20 21 them put into the record. 22 MR. WIEDEMANN: This is another letter, 23 you can call this opinion if you want, from Maurice 24 Hinchey to Commisssioner Allison Crocker, deputy 25 commisssioner and general counsel, New York State

Department of Environmental Conservation, again an excerpt. Over the course of the last several years there has been considerable investment from both private sources and Federal appropriations to enhance the corridor from the downtown Rondout area to the Hudson River. Federal funding has already been designated to extend the existing walkway along the Rondout, and private development initiatives seek to focus their attention on bringing in seafaring vessels and developing balance housing along this route. At the utmost importance in achieving the upgrading of the waterfront district is that this portion of the Rondout is completely cleansed. I would like to see the scrap yard clean up move forward, and of course it's Millens, not some other scrap yard, with some quarantee it be done effectively and as soon as possible. I believe this goal could be achieved more quickly and effectively if the order on consent could be adjusted in ways to bring about the comfortable compliance of the scrap yard.

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Another letter to Mr. Robert Schick of the DEC from Mayor James Sottile of Kingston. As we strive to implement the City of Kingston Waterfront Development Plan and as an adjoining property owner

to the Millens site, we are obviously quite concerned with the progress of the Millens remediation. We have become aware of a notice of violation from the DEC to the property owner regarding discharge of an untreated ground water by hose to a separate location on the Millens site. This was an incident where a DEC employee came down to see what was going on, found a house stuck in a water test pit, which was evacuating water from the test pit to another area on the site. We would like assurances that city property is not being negatively affected by the mediation plan and that city property is not being utilized for any part of the remediation process. That's enough for that one.

Then the final one, Mr. Robert Iannucci, who was mentioned before. For those who don't know anything about him, he's a fairly wealthy attorney from New York City. He's a developer who has been buying up land on the Rondout section for further development. Mr. Iannucci had sent a letter to a company called Fuss and O'Neill of New York City, because he was concerned about the remediation at Millens. Just two little sentences, two little things.

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Dear Mr. Iannucci, in response to your concerns that the adjacent industrial property was impacting the environmental quality of parcels at 107 Green Street in the City of Kingston, New York, New York Fuss and O'Neill P.C. conducted a soil assessment of soil quality on the subject site. Then there is all sorts of graphs and stuff like that that gives you an analysis of what they found, which I'm not going to certainly read. Anyway, he concludes the presence of these levels of contaminants significantly restricts your ability to develop this parcel of land. You have to be concerned if the property was used for residential reuse, or frankly any other use and potentially expose children to these contaminants there could be serious health risks. Children exposed to the levels of heavy metals observed on this parcel can suffer neurological disorders, learning disabilities, developmental disorders, skin problems and other health effects. Exposure to the petroleum compounds can affect the heart, blood and lung systems and exasperate, asthma problems. Needless to say this property could never be used as a day care facility under its current condition. You should also note remediating this property

might be fruitless, since the apparent source of 1 2 the problem is likely to be the adjoining Millens 3 operation. Then one final excerpt from a letter. 5 SUPERVISOR OUIGLEY: Is this the last one? MR. WIEDEMANN: This is the last one. You 6 will be relieved, okay. This is to Mr. Ramayan 7 8 Regalia (phonetic) of the DEC, and here is a quote 9 from the letter. It is the ultimate desire of B. Millens and Sons to complete site remediation and 10 have New York State DEC involvement at this 11 12 property. We will provide any documents or assistance necessary to facilitate completion of 13 remedial efforts on the site. Please review this 14 15 letter and contact Mr. Cinatello (phonetic) who was involved in testing should you have any questions 16 17 or require additional information, sincerely, 18 Barney Millens. 19 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Could you give those 20 to us so we can copy them and put them in the 21 record. 22 MR. WIEDEMANN: Yes. 23 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Comments, additional 24 public comment? Mr. Garraghan.

MR. GARRAGHAN: My name is Abel Garraghan.

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I live at 20 Burgevin Street, Kingston, New York.

My thought of coming to this meeting was the fact that the community in the greater sense, not just the Town of Ulster, but the whole area needs a modern facility like this. I do business with Barney Millens, I deliver boilers down to his place for recycling purposes. They have been using that site for closer to 80 years, as opposed to the '50's. And they were the original recyclers in the community. I can't imagine what our community would look like without them, their daily recycling material out of here.

To address the point that Millens has come to you with the idea of relocating out here and asking for a special use permit, this could be waste management coming to you with the same type of permit in my mind. The fact that somebody locally here with a three generation family in the business is willing to make the investment commitment to do this, to modernize the facility, to go forward in the community is a great opportunity. I'm sure he's well aware of the fact he will have some serious responsibility of remediation of the present site he's on.

The only other thing I might be able to

share with you, I'm in the petroleum business as 1 2 you know, and we operate a storage facility, a 3 major storage facility in Kingston, and operating a facility on Kingston Point. Over the last 30, 40 5 years there used to be six storage facilities in the Kingston area, the Rondout. Right now there is 6 7 only one left working. From 17, 18 million gallons collectively, we are down to three and a half 8 9 million gallons collectively. That has happened because of the cost it takes to modernize these 10 facilities to address the environmental standards 11 the State of New York has set, and it's been an 12 evolving state of standards. The first 13 14 requirements go back to the late '70's I believe, 15 and the standards moved up as people learned how to 16 do things better, and today our sites all have 17 secondary containment that no water or petroleum 18 gets through to the ground, and you have SPDES 19 permits, you've heard that word, that have to deal 20 with the separation of water in the ground. We 21 actually have air permits at Kingston Point to deal 22 with anything that might be in the water, separate 23 that out.

The other thing in our industry that has happened, our site is inspected by a third party

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once a month, and all the reports are sent to DEC. Obviously our own policy the site is looked over everyday during the point of operation, and also an annual report that our third party water sampler comes down and submits to the DEC. And the other thing that happens on a site like ours, every ten years the tanks are taken out of service and reinspected by an engineering company out of New Jersey we use to meet the API 635 standards, and not put back into service until the tank is certified and the steel quality meets the standards met by the API, which are set by the API and accepted by the DEC as a standard. I know nothing about the standards that would be required by a scrap facility, but it makes sense to me there are some standards that exist. This is a great opportunity for the whole community. If the Millens family doesn't step up and do it, it will have to come from out of town, because the cost of doing something like this is quite extensive. we don't get that type of facility here, the cost of removing cars and things from the community would go up quite dramatically I would think, and then you would have to wonder would they be removed or left to sit there, as we heard one description.

So I ask you to take that into consideration. I 1 2 wanted to share with you my knowledge of it. Thank 3 you very much for your time. SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: I have a question for 5 The monthly independent inspections, are they mandated by DEC or are they voluntary? 6 7 MR. GARRAGHAN: They are mandated by DEC. SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Therefore the 8 9 inspectors are licensed by the DEC? MR. GARRAGHAN: No, they are not licensed. 10 11 I think they are independent laboratory firms, and submit the results, a copy to us obviously, and 12 13 directly to the DEC. 14 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: And they are 15 monitoring your ground water? 16 MR. GARRAGHAN: Yes. 17 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Thank you. 18 Mr. Barton, I would ask you hold your 19 question to the end to allow everybody else here the opportunity. Anybody in the back? 20 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Mr. Hill. 21 22 MR. HILL: First I would like to thank you 23 for the opportunity to speak tonight. I'm here to 24 speak in favor of this project. I live it 10 Fawn 25 Hill Court in the Town of Ulster. My name is Ed

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Hill, Jr. I believe the Millens family have in general been responsible business operators in this community for many, many years. Have they made mistakes, yes, they have made mistakes. And I invite anybody in this audience who never made a mistake in their life to step forward and criticize them for that. I don't think anybody would be up I believe much of the controversy here. surrounding this project has to do with taking today's standards and applying them to events that occurred many, many decades in the past. standard for removing oil from a car engine 40 or 50 years ago was to take the plug out and drain it on the ground. That's not in dispute. Now you want to take today's modern advanced standards and apply them to actions that occurred 50 years ago. I think that is incredibly unfair. We as a society have done the same thing repeatedly to many companies for many things. I think that is completely unfair. They had no idea at the time it was dangerous. The DEC had no idea at the time it was dangerous. The DEC didn't even exist. government didn't know at that time it was dangerous. Now you want to go back and say gee, they did that 50 years ago and that's dangerous.

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I'm sorry, that is completely unfair. I think we all agree that society will benefit from, one, general development in the area to increase our tax base and increase our employment. We need that. Two, I think we can all agree that we need to clean up the site on the Rondout. I don't think Mr. Millens has disputed that at all. The fact is to clean up the site they are on, it would make sense to me it would be a lot easier to do it if they weren't there. You could do a more complete remediation without operating a business there. To do that they need to move someplace. I believe with modern technology and standards, the new site will be far cleaner than the old site ever was, and I believe as responsive people and members of our community, I have only known them for 30 plus years that I remember, but I'm only 45 years old, so that's a pretty long period of time. They have been responsible members of our community and will continue to be. I believe everybody in the audience would agree recycling, is something positive for a society as a whole. Everyone wants to recycle, but apparently a number of people don't want it done anywhere. We all drove here in cars, and those cars are all going to be done some day.

Where are they going to go? Do you think they are going to magically disappear? No. We need responsible recyclers to take care of that. That's what Millens does, and I think we should encourage it, not discourage it. Recycling is not a clean business, but it's a necessary business. It needs to be done somewhere. We might as well do it here. Make him stick to the standards, which I don't think he has any issue with, have the employment here, have the tax base here. And I thank you for your time.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Sir, over in the back, I think you attempted to move.

MR. HOFFMAN: My name Nelson Hoffman. I live across the street from all that noise and stuff. We don't need anymore traffic. My God almighty, does anybody from the DEC ever check the exhaust that comes out from there. We live in a valley, and all that nice and exhaust goes right in our place. We don't need anymore traffic with one entrance. Does anybody ever monitor the quality of the air. The noise is a pollution, am I right, DEC? It's very, very noisy, that traffic. Every time they go up that hill exhaust comes out, diesel exhaust. The place is blue with it. One entrance

only. The man was here, his name was Mr. Bock I believe. He said there would be about 11 vehicles going up and down an hour. Believe me there will be more than that. 11 is too much anyway. You got a school operation there, a school bus depot there, a beer distributor company. They all have diesel engines, plus other exhaust. If they ever put a red light in there, it'll be murder. Why don't they put more exits? You got one across from the VFW that can be opened, and one on Flatbush Road that can be opened. We don't need anymore traffic. Thank you.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Thank you, Mr. Hoffman.

Anyone in the back who has not previously spoken or expressed an opinion wish to come forward tonight?

MR. BENA: Ladies and gentlemen, good evening. My name is Ed Bena, I live on Glenerie Boulevard, resident of the Town of Ulster. I am of the school that if you don't mess it up in the first place, you don't have to come back and clean it up later on. I'm all in favor of recycling. I'd like to thank Mr. Wiedemann for all the paper work he presented. It's an amazing job. He

mentioned several items. One is birth defects. 1 2 Secondly, childhood learning defects, water 3 pollution, air pollution. Why do we need to 4 inherit Kingston's problem in the Town of Ulster? 5 Is it of any economic benefit for the town? Certainly it's not been environmentally beneficial 6 7 to us. Is this something that's already in 8 operation or something that is being considered? 9 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: What do you mean by that statement, already in operation? 10 MR. BENO: Do they have the licenses, 11 12 permits, papers? SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: To do what? 13 14 MR. BENO: To operate what they want to 15 do, or is this something that is under consideration? 16 17 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: They have all the 18 permits necessary to operate in the City of 19 Kingston, and they have applied to the Town of 20 Ulster Planning Board for a site plan review, which 21 we have not granted, and the planning board is also 22 reviewing the site plan and other professional 23 reports required under SEQR in order to make a 24 recommendation to the Town of Ulster Town Board 25 whether a special permit under the Town of Ulster

Zoning Code should be issued for the operation of 1 2. that type of facility. 3 MR. BENA: And this is hinging strictly on 4 this hearing? 5 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: No, it's not. It is a process that is multi-faceted. It is part of the 6 7 planning board, it is part of the county planning board, based on the engineer's recommendations. We 8 9 have hired a special engineer from Poughkeepsie, who has experience in these matters. He has 10 11 designed and overseen two types of these 12 facilities. One a similar dismantling yard, and 13 another auto parts yard in the Town of Dover, as 14 the town engineer. We have many professionals here 15 to review all the facts that are being put forward 16 and make recommendations. 17 MR. BENA: It's only the Town of Ulster in 18 the entire county that can be considered for this 19 Millens operation? SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: This is the town 20 21 which the Millens family has identified a piece of 22 property that fits their needs. 23 MR. BENA: Thank you very much. 24 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Mr. Millens, do you 25 have anything to say tonight?

MR. MILLENS: No.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Mr. Barton, seeing no other hands go up, five minutes or less, please.

MR. BARTON: It's been said that if this operation isn't done within the town it will cost more money. As we know, this affects our health.

Our health cost have been going up astronomically. So we got to consider all the extra costs for health care that's involved.

Next thing, point, it says from years ago things were polluted there, reasons that they were polluted. There are two. That is mostly granted. One is the lack of foresight and using common sense. The other was it was cheaper just to avoid common sense and just put it back into the ground. These pollutants that were in the ground before are being reintroduced, and we do not want that within the town. Thank you.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Any other individuals with public comment tonight on the issuance of the site of the special use permit? Mr. Turco.

MR. TURCO: You called me Mr. Turco, thank you. My name is Thomas Turco. I live on Cora Terrace, which is pretty close to the site you are talking about. I know there is pollutants going on

and stuff like that, but from what I heard from the DEC, there actually wasn't any violation at the time, because there was no laws for that; correct. so would it be easier if I was going to bring a car down to Millens, I wouldn't have brought it down years ago, but today the price is pretty good for a scrap car. And I poke a hole in my gas tank and let it run in my yard and no one sees it. If he does this properly, and he builds an enclosed facility, will he have tanks and recyclables, pick up oil like they have in gas stations like that, and drain oil and dispose of it properly?

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Those are required under the navigable acts of the State of New York I believe. They are required under state law.

MR. TURCO: So there will be laws he has to live by. So if he is going to live by these laws, he does employ some people, gives them jobs, I don't know how many. He will also pay taxes to the Town of Ulster. I don't know what the sales tax and stuff is on what he sells and buys, that stuff. The main thing is do we know that these facilities exist someplace else that we can have a proper recycling plant next to a railroad. And as far as noise goes, I live pretty close to that

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place. Last night, I should say this morning between three, four o'clock, a couple trains decided to blow their horns. They are not whistles any more, because they are diesel. Whether they were going through the yard and there's only one track and have to pass each other, and they blew the whistles three or four times, I woke up and said to my wife, you like the train noise? I can't stop the trains. Anyway, he's not going to run at night. He's going to run in the daytime. they're talking about trucks. If I'm thinking the way Mr. Millens is, and he's got the railroad yard there, and he can load his steel into the railroad and get it to where it has to go, because the scrap yards in New Jersey and all those places, they are all available on that railroad. There won't be as many trucks as they are talking about. There will be cars. People will be towing their cars in there, because they get a pretty good price for a car, and they don't want to keep it in their yard. If they don't have a place to dump it they might dump it in the woods someplace. I used to hunt and fish and found a lot of cars in the woods just rusting away. I think if Mr. Millens is trying to do this thing properly, you got to let him try it,

1	and if there is no law against it, inspect it and
2	do what you have to do to keep the thing on the
3	right track. So I don't know what the big fuss is.
4	Do you have any idea what his taxes would
5	be to the town?
6	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: I don't know at the
7	present time.
8	MR. TURCO: But you know there will be
9	some tax?
10	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: There will be taxes.
11	Thank you, Mr. Turco.
12	Any other individuals for public comment?
13	At this point I would like a motion to
14	adjourn this public hearing.
15	MR. KITCHEN: Motion.
16	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: All in favor, I.
17	(MOTION PASSED BY BOARD MEMBERS.)
18	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: This concludes
19	tonight's public hearing.
20	I would ask by a show of hands how many
21	people have questions they would like to pose to
22	the DEC?
23	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Two. Gentlemen, do
24	you have time for questions?
25	MR. CONLON: Yes.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Please come back to the table, ma'am, in the back. If you would prefer to be first, come up to the mic. Please state your name and address, for the record.

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MS. WOODS: My name is Lynn Woods. I live at 43 Hone Street in Kingston, and I write for The Kingston Times. I had written a story about the Millens situation at the creek about a year ago for The Kingston Times, and saw quite a bit of documents about the whole saga with the DEC and violations. My main question to the DEC is if Millens don't go ahead with this site, it sounds to me like they are going to have to move everything off their property to be cleaned, they are going to have to close their operations. What is your time frame for this? A year ago when I did the article there already had been delays. It was overdue. The DEC has been saying for five, six years they are going to clean it up, take over the site, not let Millens to clean it up exponentially as they were planning to, so they blew it. So the question I have now is when is the clean up going to happen? And according to the information I saw, and the other gentleman mentioned this, there are all kinds of hazards, waste that I'm sure you are aware of,

Bobby Iannucci found on his site, and he hired engineers, that had migrated from the Millens site, things like MTEV was found, PCPs, the other thing you mentioned, other hazardous wastes, mercury, lead, and these are migrating into the lagoon and surrounding property. My question is: Is the timing, when are you planning on taking action, and what's holding it up? Is it lack of state funds, because the state would have to pay for the clean up rather than Mr. Millens at this point?

 $\label{eq:supervisor} \mbox{SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY:} \quad \mbox{Would you give him} \\ \mbox{the microphone now.}$ 

MR. CONLON: First of all, the site was originally listed by us as a class two site in 2008 actually, relatively late in 2008. So from 2008 until now hasn't been five, six years. Although it has been identified previously as contaminated and was under a water quality order previous to that time period, we have been doing investigations in relation to the site. We have met with Mr. Millens' attorney on a couple of different occasions, and we have notified them that we would be moving forward with an investigation and remediation, and if we don't have an agreement on a drop dead date, that they would have stuff out of

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our way, so we can do a complete investigation and mediation, and we would need to go to court and get a court order to do so. That time period in relation to that is probably within the next six months. That depends on the courts and everything else in relation to it moving forward. We certainly would prefer to have an orderly process in relation to it. And if a facility is going to be built, that we don't end up with a situation where we potentially are taking possession of recycling material and create that havoc with court proceedings. We prefer not to have to do that. we can do that in an ordinarily fashion it's preferable in relation to it. In relation to cost, cost is not an issue in relation to the department's view of the work. The department has money set aside in relation to doing the work, and we will seek recovery of that money, and we have already notified Mr. Millens' attorney, Mr. Millens through his attorney that we inspect to be paid for all costs that we incur in relation to contamination at his site. So it's not a money issue whatsoever in relation to the site. We do have the money committed in relation to the site.

MS. WOODS: So basically in order to start

a clean up, all material would have to be moved off 1 2 the site. So it really would be impossible for him 3 to operate while you're cleaning up? MR. HEITZMAN: That's correct. He 4 5 attempted to clean up the site and maintain his operations at the same time, and that failed. We 6 7 have a concern for recontamination of the clean soil he put back in, because he tried to do it 8 9 piece meal. MS. WOODS: My other question is, would 10 11 this clean up also involve the surrounding areas 12 not on the Millens property per se, like PCPs in 13 the creek, for example? 14 MR. HEITZMAN: We have no evidence of PCPs 15 in the creek. It's hard to answer that question, 16 because we don't know the full impacts of the off 17 site Millens property, because we haven't 18 investigated. 19 MS. WOODS: So will you be investigating that? 20 21 MR. HEITZMAN: Yes. That's what happens 22 before any clean up. We need to fully investigate 23 the site and develop a remedial plan. 24 MS. WOODS: Okay, my last question is: 25 Does Millens have a SPDES permit now? Because I

tried to find this out, and DEC Region III never called me back. I assume they would have to have a SPDES permit. I'm unclear about whether they would have to far one, and whether they do have one. Is that Region III?

MR. CONLON: We unfortunately are from the Super Fund program, and we are dealing with the Super Fund clean up. Whether or not there is an active SPDES permit at the site or not, I'm not fully aware as to whether or not the one exists. It has nothing to do with this program. And quite frankly, when we operate a remedial system or a remediation on the site, we are exempt from the requirements of getting a permit ourselves. We have to meet the substantive conditions as if we had a permit, but we don't operate within the permitting process.

MS. WOODS: And just the point about the PCPs, according to the information I found in 2005, Iannucci retained Fuss and O'Neill to test his Kingston Landing property and the firm discovered elevated levels of PCPs and petroleum in the ground water on the site. I guess that would be the wetlands. When I talk about PCPs in the lagoon, that's what I found in the material when I copied

Ι	it. That's what I was referring to.
2	MR. HEITZMAN: I would need to review that
3	report.
4	MR. CONLON: There were piles of material
5	on his site.
6	MS. WOODS: On Bobby Iannucci's site.
7	MR. CONLON: We're not sure where the
8	contamination was emanating from, or from piles of
9	materials put on his site.
10	MR. HEITZMAN: In fact, one of the areas
11	of high contamination on the Iannucci property was
12	the pipeline that ran from the KOSCO Oil facility
13	across his property and that pipe seemed to leak, a
14	lot of petroleum on his property due to that. I
15	can't speak to the PCPs without looking at the
16	report.
17	MS. WOODS: Is the KOSCO site a Super Fund
18	site also?
19	MR. HEITZMAN: It is not. Mr. Iannucci's
20	property is in the clean up program, and the KOSCO
21	site may have an open spill.
22	MS. WOODS: Okay, thank you very much.
23	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Mr. Barton first, and
24	then Mr. Wiedemann.
25	MR. HEITZMAN: Actually, Mr. Barton, you

asked a question during your earlier remarks that 1 2 we didn't get a chance to answer. And that was: 3 Is he required to get a DEC license to operate at 4 his new facility? We do not issue licenses for 5 vehicle dismantling facilities. Those are issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles. 6 7 MR. BARTON: When is the last time you did 8

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an inspection on the City of Kingston Millens property?

MR. HEITZMAN: I'm sorry, could you repeat that?

MR. BARTON: When was the last time you did an inspection on the Millens property in the City of Kingston along Strand Street?

MR. HEITZMAN: I do not do and my group does not do inspections of the ongoing investigations, and I don't know the date on which the regional office did that inspection.

MR. BARTON: Can we get that information along with what was found at the time, because you have been saying they have not been in violations, and if there has been no inspections, and what type of inspection it was, and the type of materials that were in violations of the current laws, how do we know what they do?

And are you also saying that you would not 1 2 issue the applicant before the town board, Millens, 3 would have to get any license agreements from the 4 DEC? MR. HEITZMAN: I'm saying we do not have 5 the authority to issue those licenses. The 6 7 authority is with the Department of Motor Vehicles. MR. CONLON: Or dismantling operations. 8 9 MR. HEITZMAN: Or vehicle dismantling 10 operations. 11 MR. BARTON: If I understood you right, 12 you are reactive, because they have to pollute 13 first before you can take any steps? 14 MR. HEITZMAN: No, that's not correct. We 15 assist the Department of Motor Vehicles when they 16 do the inspections of the vehicle dismantling 17 itself. 18 MR. BARTON: Do you know anything about 19 the Eddyville auto recycling plant where they had some problems down there, and it was done at the 20 21 occurrence of the Motor Vehicle Department of New 22 York State? MR. HEITZMAN: We are not involved in 23 24 those. It would be other people in the department. 25 MR. BARTON: Because I visualize that the

DEC should be more proactive to prevent something, rather than reactive waiting until things are polluted. The reason we do have so many pollutants, because the governing boards are not proactive in using some common sense, and there should be on the state's part hopefully to improve that being proactive rather than reactive for the solutions. To me being proactive is going to be more cost effective in the long run.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Mr. Wiedemann, I promised them two questions. I will give you the privilege of the floor if you promise to make it short.

MR. WIEDEMANN: I want to respond to one of Lynn Woods' comments. Any kind of remediation that would take place at Millens Kingston site would not involve a shut down of business. He has two other locations, one in Poughkeepsie, one in Newburgh, scrap or other operations.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Mr. Kirschner, I asked you to remain quiet tonight, but I will ask you: Does the Millens family have an interest in any type of facilities in Newburgh, New York?

MR. KIRSCHNER: No, sir.

SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: So it is factually

1	correct when he says Poughkeepsie?
2	MR. KIRSCHNER: Yes, sir.
3	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Factually inaccurate
4	when he says Newburgh?
5	MR. WIEDEMANN: MR. Kirschner is the one
6	who said
7	MR. KIRSCHNER: No, Mr. Brouck (phonetic)
8	mistakenly said that at the county planning board.
9	MR. WIEDEMANN: Then I'm sorry.
10	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Are you satisfied
11	with the clarification?
12	MR. WIEDEMANN: That's fine.
13	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Any other questions?
14	At this point I would ask any questions from the
15	board?
16	MS. HENDRICK: Yes, just a few.
17	Based on the fact that this new site, I
18	know you haven't seen any of the plans, but this
19	new site does have a very serious storm water
20	issue, do you in your opinion think having a plan
21	in an area that has a very serious storm water
22	issue could be an issue with this type of enclosed
23	facility?
24	MR. HEITZMAN: Well, when you think about
25	it, if it's enclosed, the storm water is not going

to come in contact with any contamination. 1 2. MS. HENDRICK: But the doors are open. 3 MR. HEITZMAN: To me the issue is just 4 handling the runoff from a permeable surface, that 5 being the roof of the building. Those things can be engineered. That's not contamination. That's 6 7 simple water flow. 8 MS. HENDRICK: The cement floor. The 9 floor is going to be a cement floor. Is there any issue with that, it's enclosed, a cement floor for 10 11 absorption? 12 MR. HEITZMAN: Potential battery drainage should be on a sealed concrete surface, as should 13 14 the oil. As long as the concrete is sealed there 15 shouldn't be a problem. 16 MS. HENDRICK: The last question for me 17 is: With the Poughkeepsie site, which was a valid 18 site, is there any compliance issues there? 19 MR. HEITZMAN: I don't know. MS. HENDRICK: You don't handle those? 20 MR. HEITZMAN: No. I don't know. It's 21 22 not a hazardous waste disposal site. 23 SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Any other questions 24 from the board? 25 MR. KITCHEN: I would like to thank the

1	gentlemen from the DEC for coming down this
2	evening. You have answered a lot of my questions,
3	and I feel more comfortable after meeting you
4	folks. Thank you for coming tonight.
5	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Anything else?
6	Motion to adjourn.
7	(MOTION PASSED BY BOARD MEMBERS.)
8	SUPERVISOR QUIGLEY: Thank you very much,
9	ladies and gentlemen. This meeting is adjourned.
10	(WHEREUPON THE PROCEEDINGS WERE CONCLUDED.)
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I, BARBARA VAN BLARCUM, hereby certify and

<u>CERTIFICATION</u>

say that I am a Shorthand Reporter and a Notary
Public within and for the State of New York; that I
acted as the reporter at the proceedings herein,
and that the transcript to which this certification
is annexed is a true, accurate and complete record
of the minutes of the proceedings to the best of my
knowledge and belief.

BARBARA VAN BLARCUM